

# The ant colony: A post transition society

Tzfat, 2019

Ofer Feinerman  
Weizmann Institute of Science

Our protagonist



Our protagonist: 150M years later



# Changes to the individual

Reproductive division of labor (=post transition?)



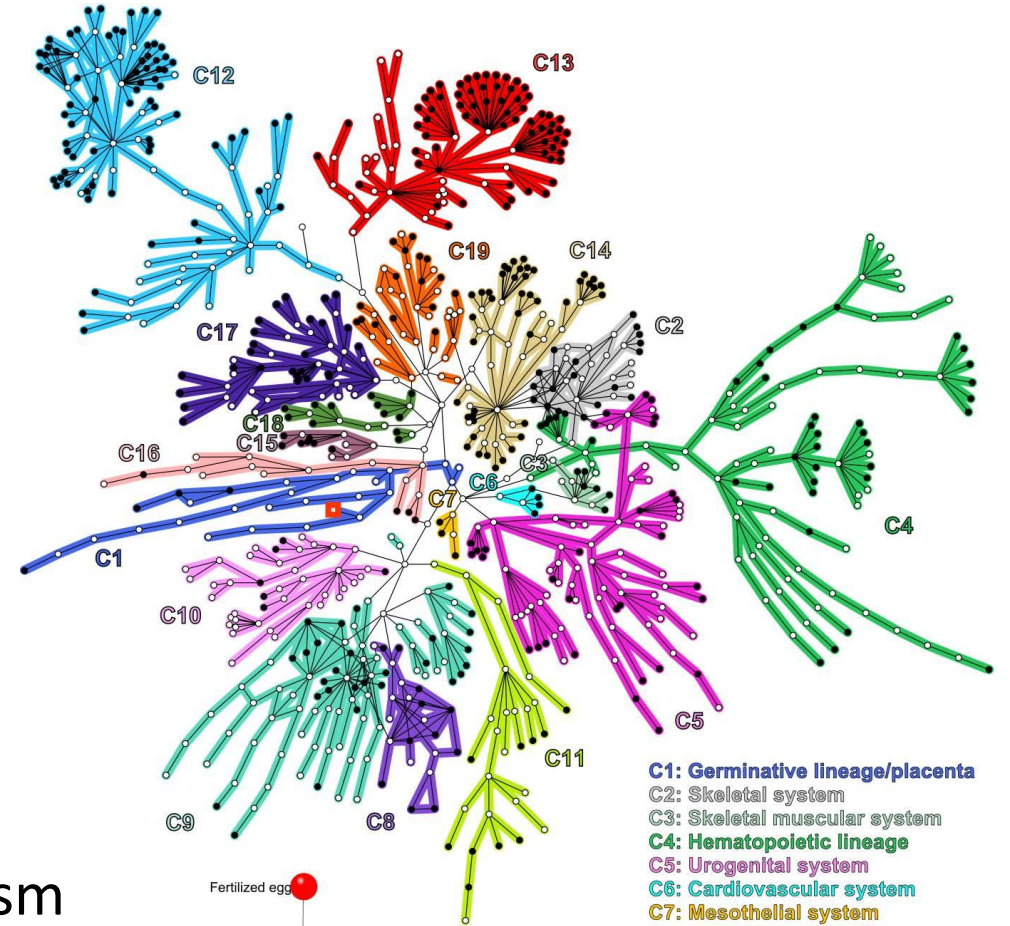


# Caste differentiation



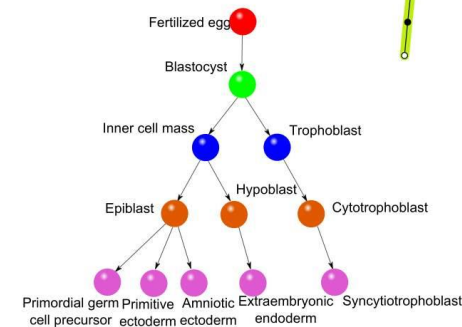
*Atta cephalotes* leafcutter ants.

# Caste differentiation

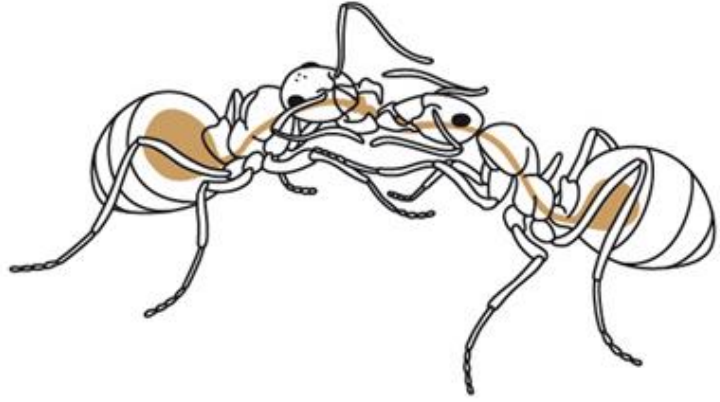


- C1: Germinative lineage/placenta**
- C2: Skeletal system**
- C3: Skeletal muscular system**
- C4: Hematopoietic lineage**
- C5: Urogenital system**
- C6: Cardiovascular system**
- C7: Mesothelial system**
- C8: Respiratory system**
- C9: Digestive system**
- C10: Pharyngeal lineage**
- C11: Cloacal lineage**
- C12: Neural lineage**
- C13: Eye lineage**
- C14: Neural crest lineage**
- C15: Adenohypophysis**
- C16: Primitive oral cavity**
- C17: Ear**
- C18: Nose**
- C19: Integumentary system**

The superorganism resembles an organism

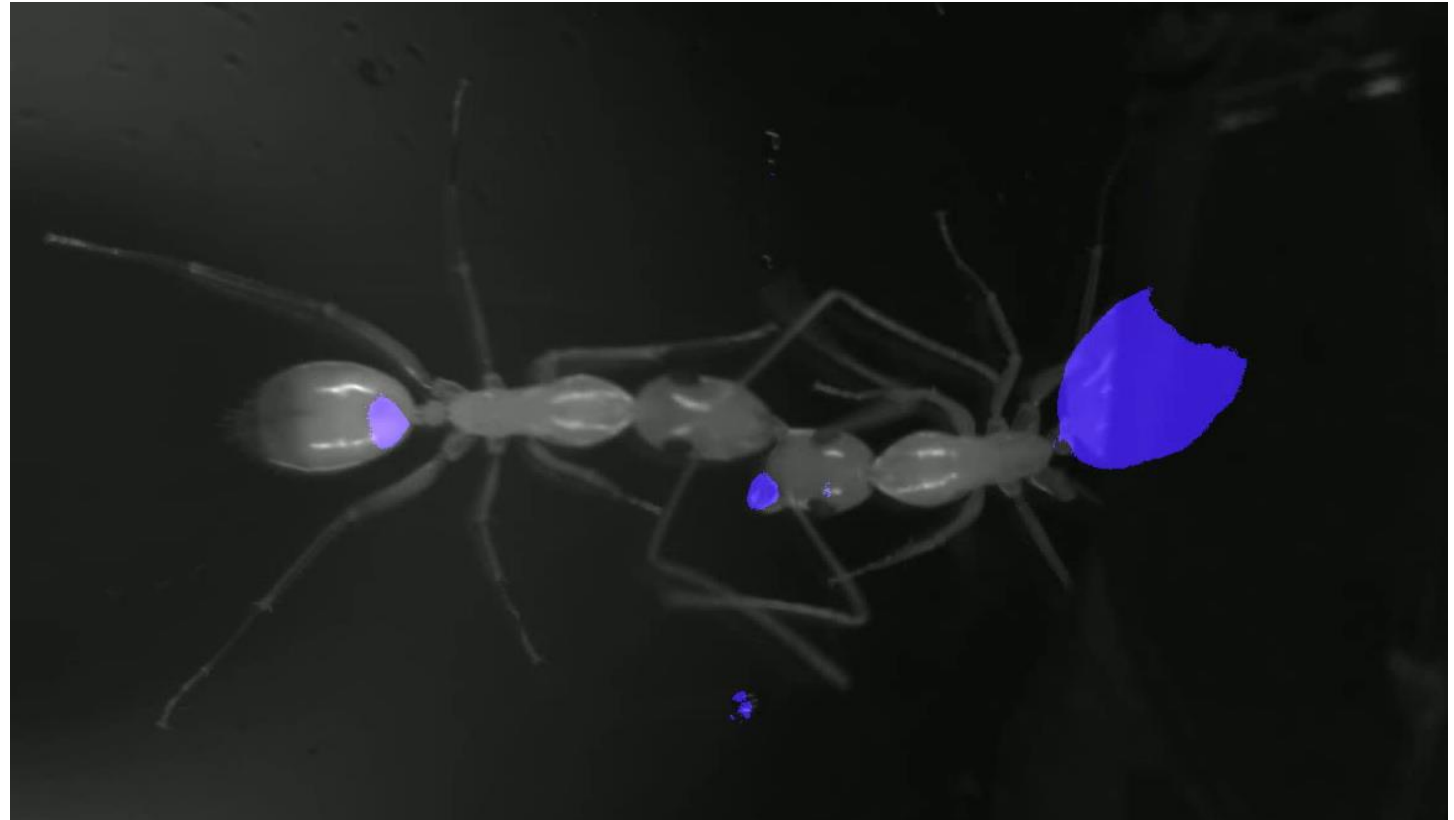
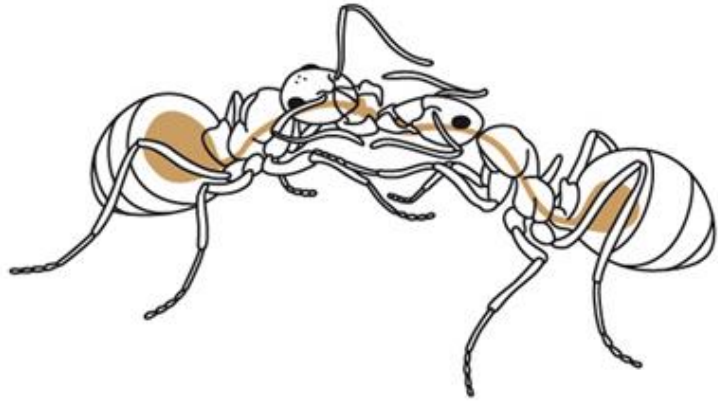


# The social stomach





# The social stomach

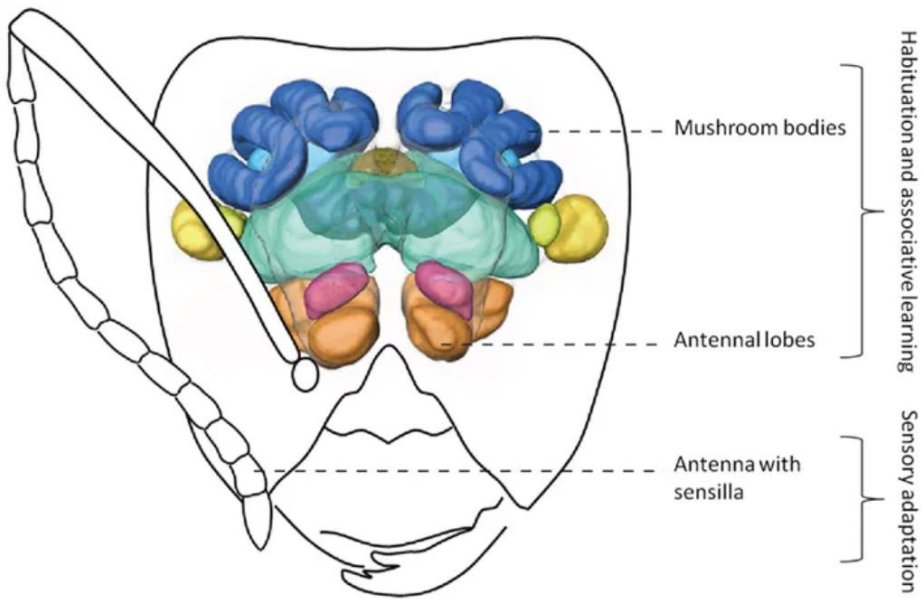


# A social stomach caste



# The Brain

What do expect?





The Brain: Group living → Larger brains

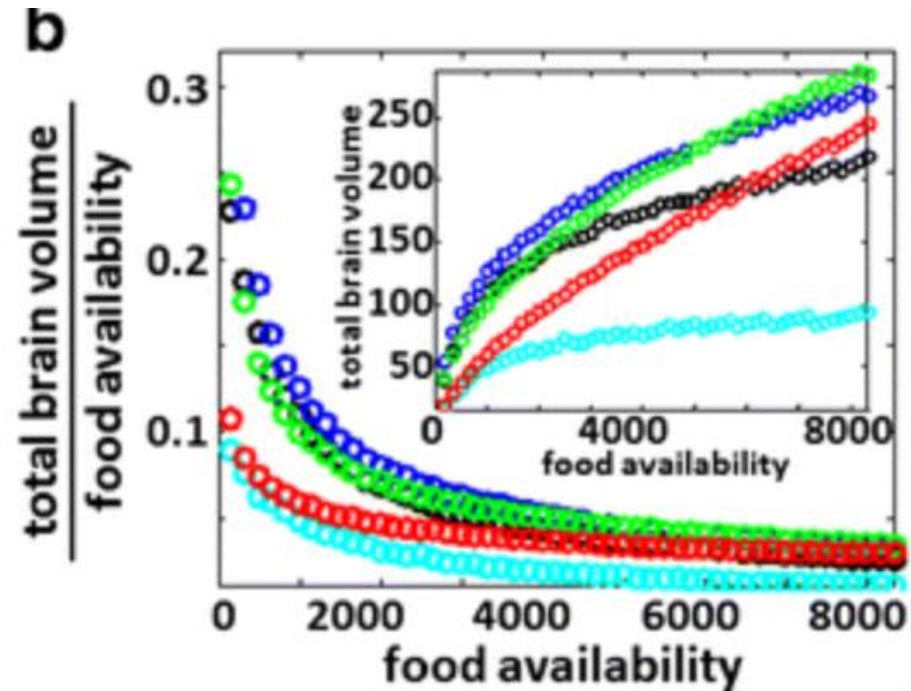
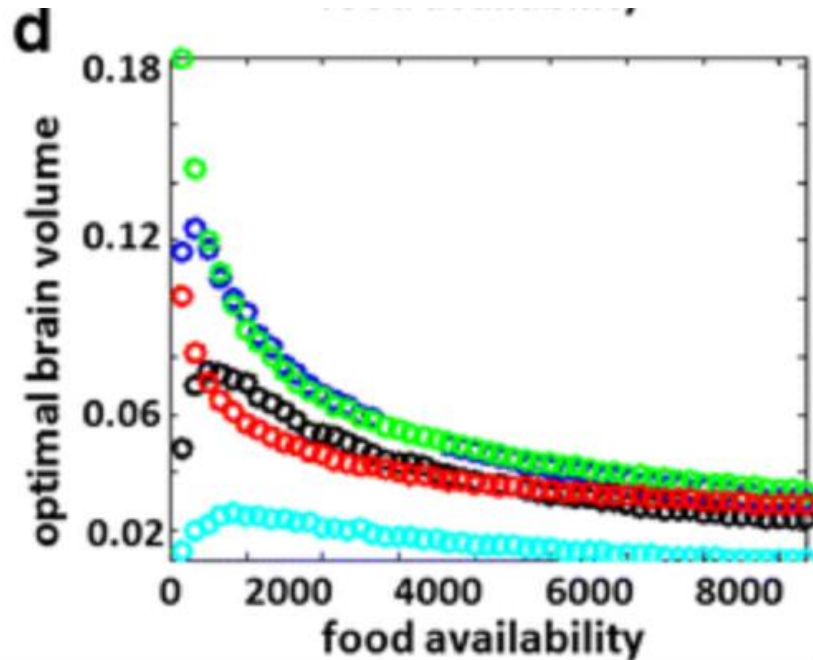


The social brain hypothesis

# The Brain: : Group living → smaller brains

Brains are energetically costly.

Could “collective cognition” relax demands on individual brain size?

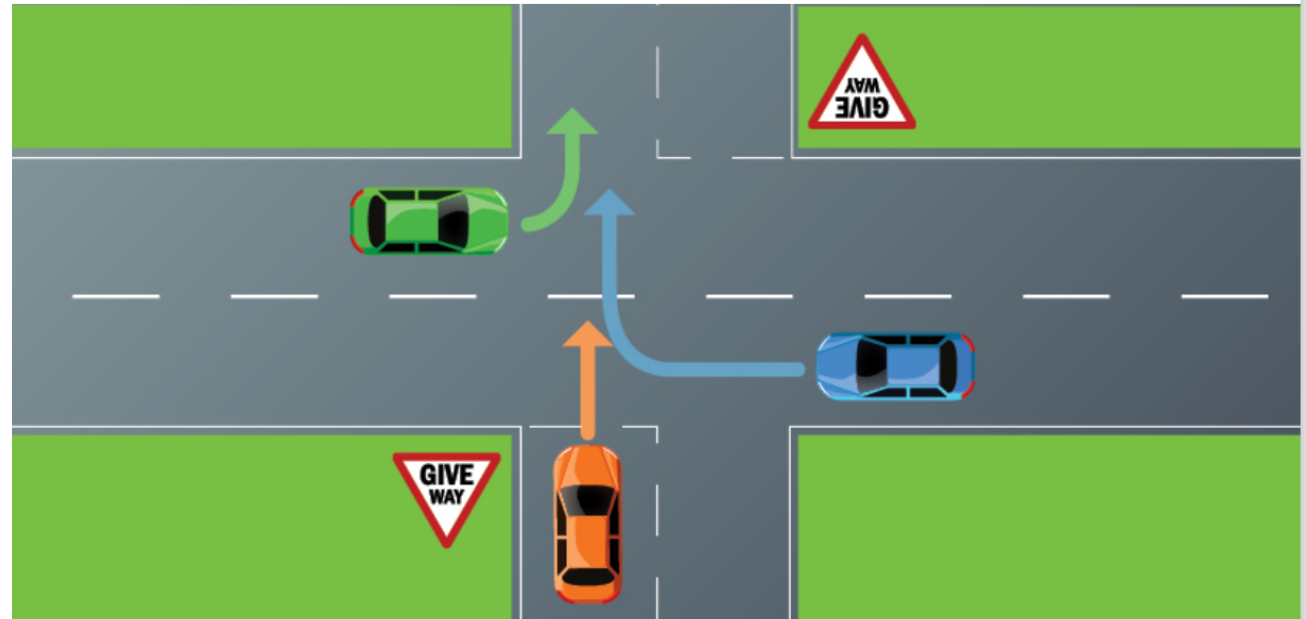




# The Brain: : Group living → smaller brains

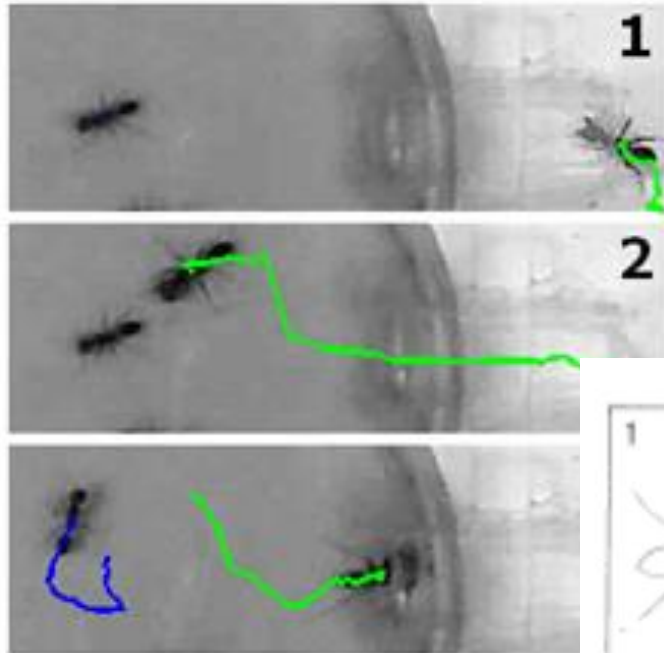
Complex individuals are difficult to coordinate.

**What order should these three cars go through the intersection?**



# Changes to the interaction

# A rich vocabulary



A

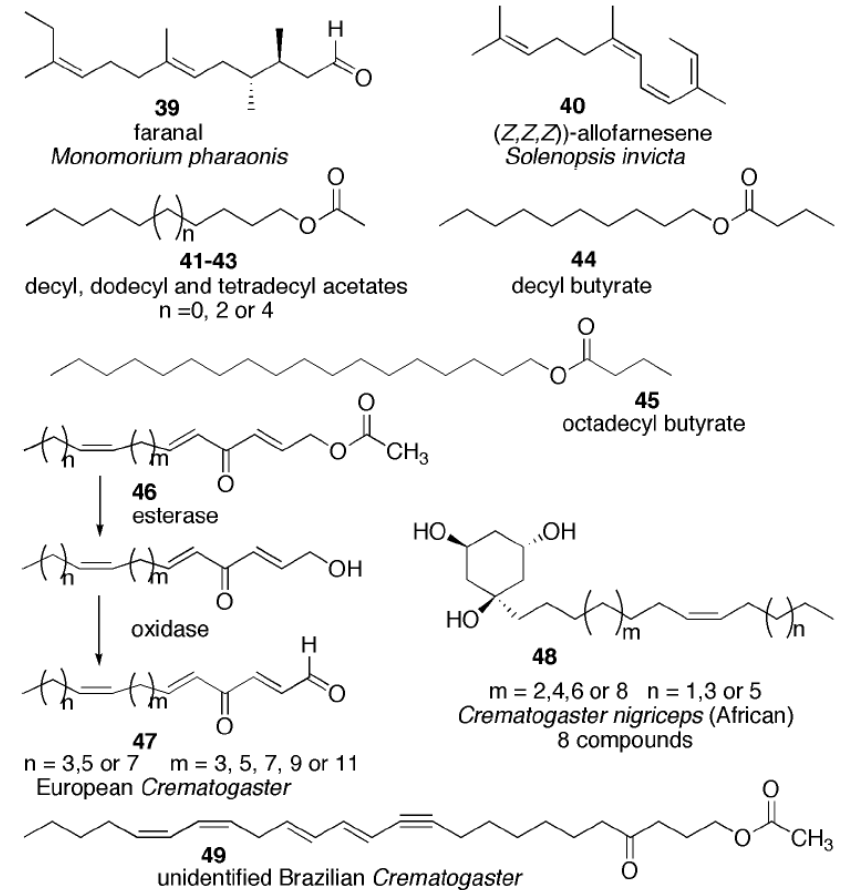
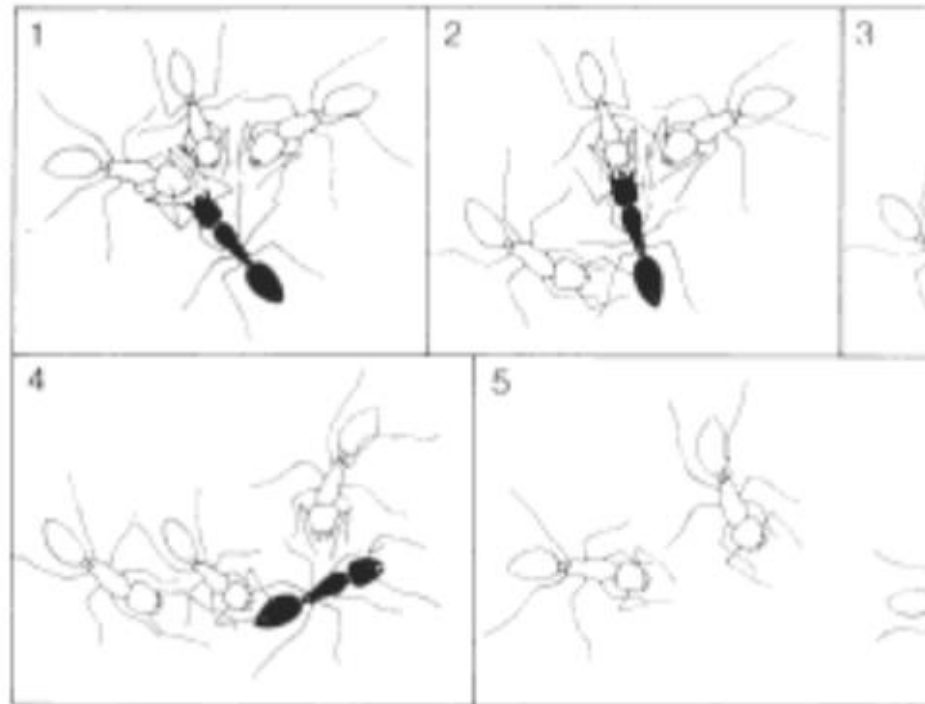
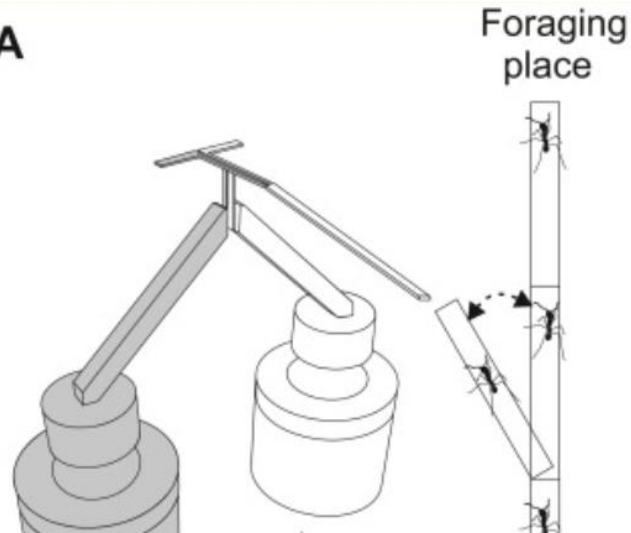
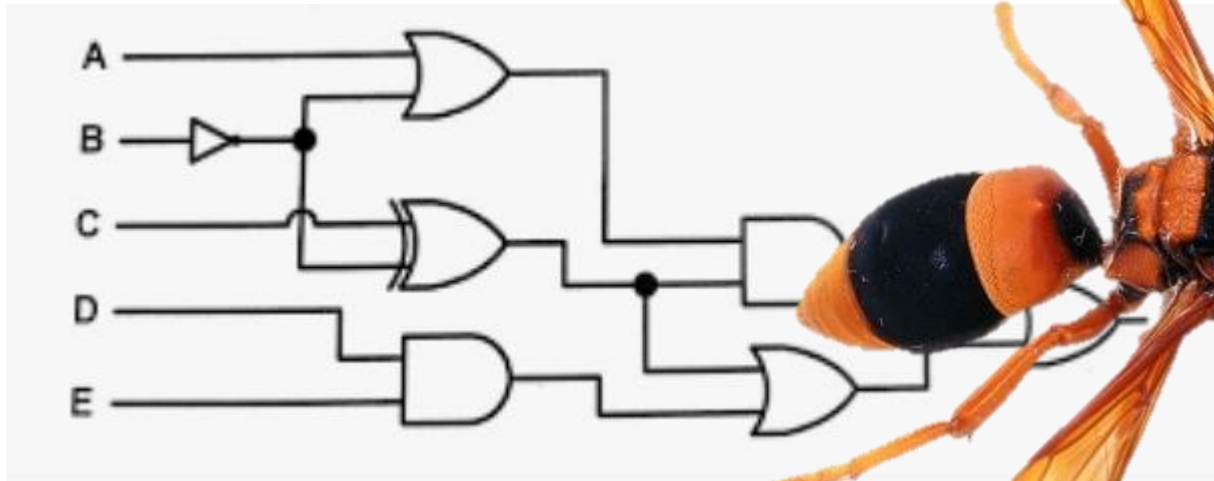


Fig. 3: Trail pheromones found in Dufour glands, and Dufour gland substances peculiar to *Crematogaster*.

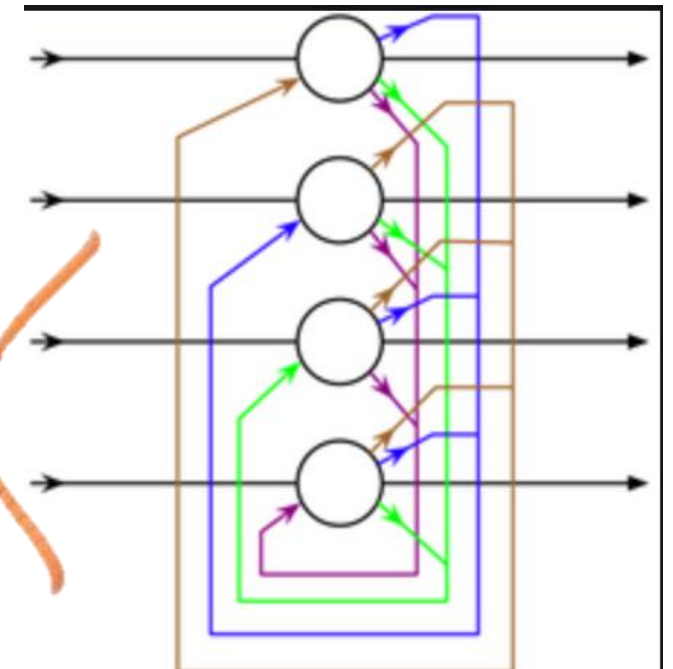
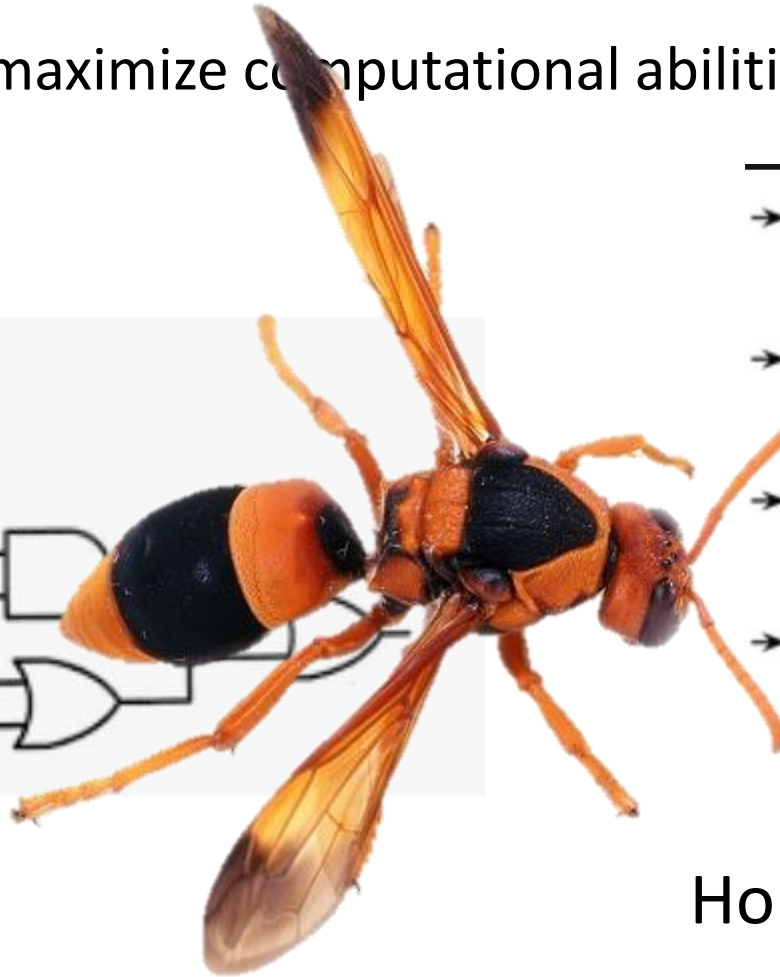
Razin, Eckmann, Feinerman. Roy. Soc. I

# The interaction network

Smart connectivity can help maximize computational abilities.

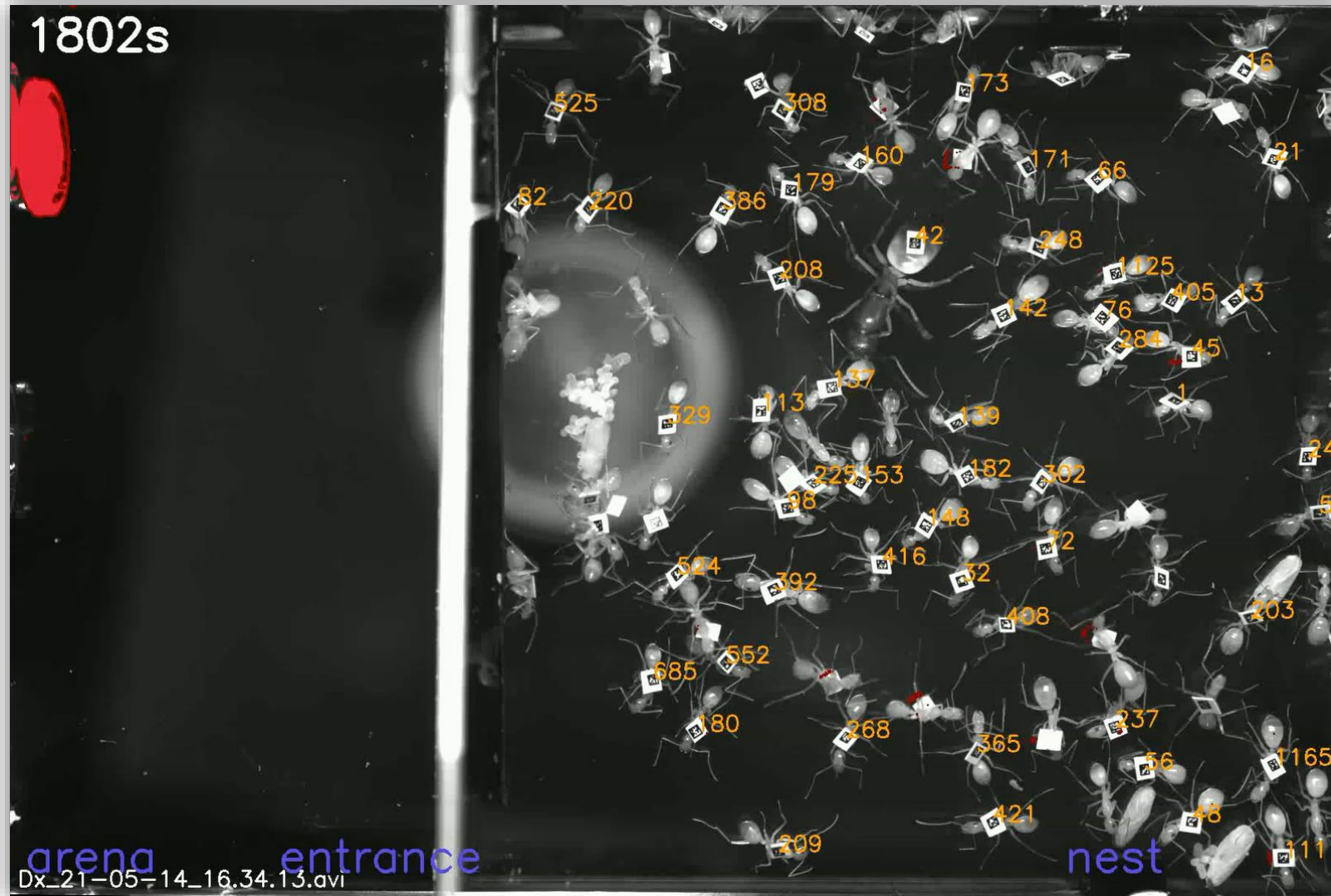


Logic gate network



Hopfield network

# The interaction network





# The interaction network



Rumor spread – without structure

With perfect communication:

Of course!



$$T \sim \log(N).$$

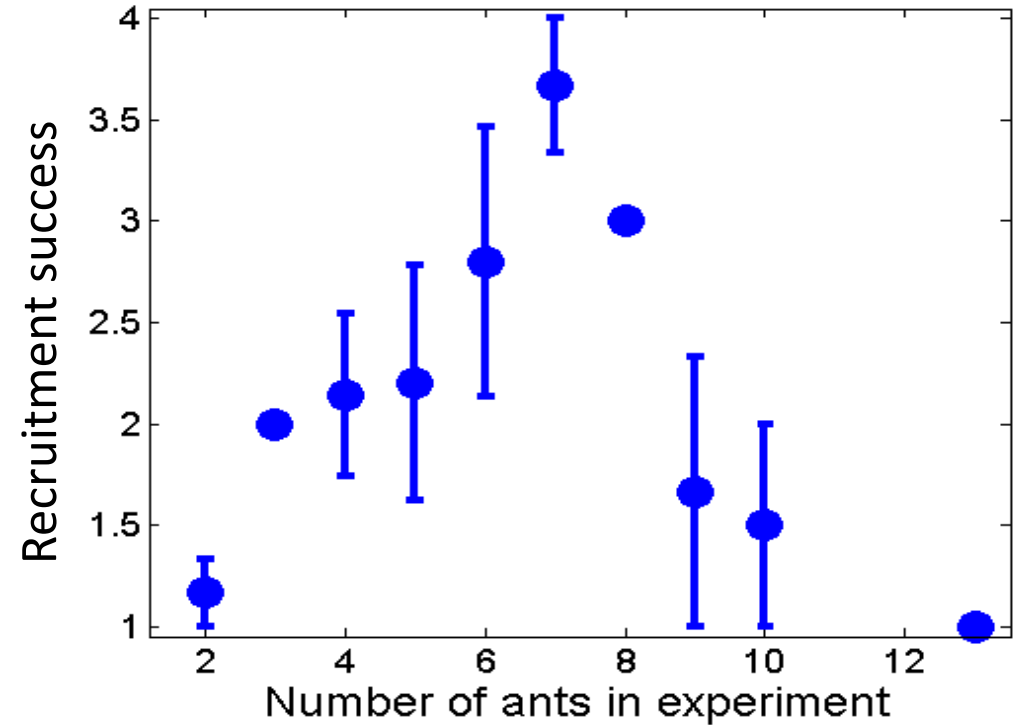
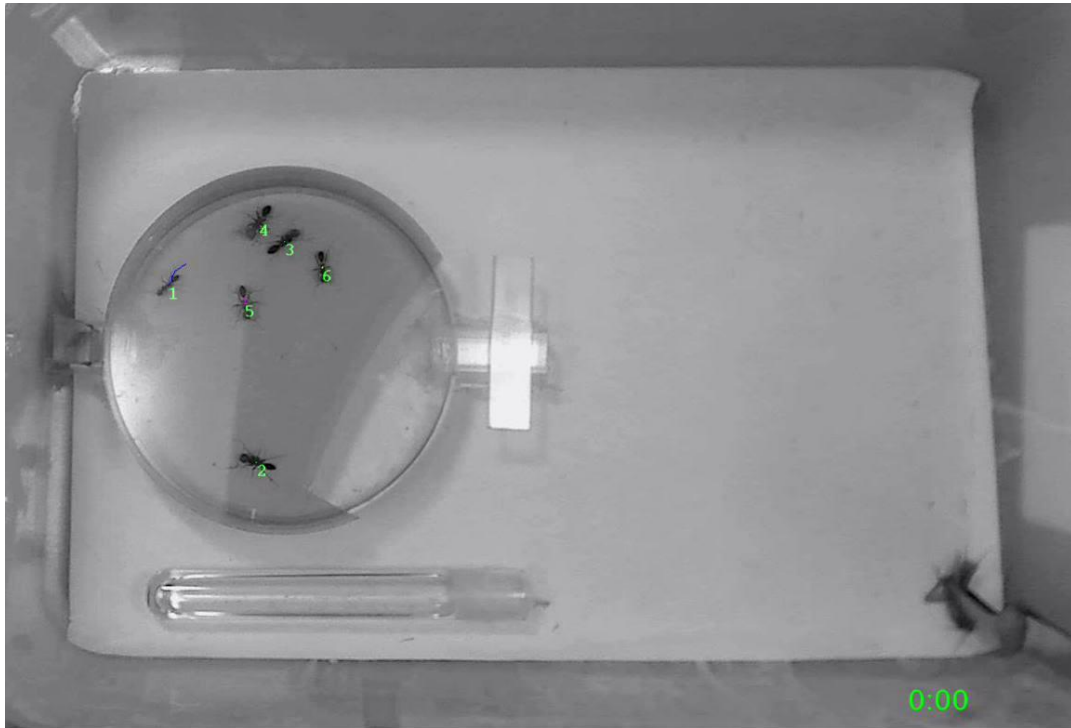
Limited communication:

- Finite message repertoire  $S$
- Passive communication (parallel PULL):  $T \sim N$ .  
=Choose other agent read its message.
- Noisy communication:



Each message can be confused with any other with probability  $\delta > 0$ .

# The interaction network



Razin, Eckmann, Feinerman. Roy. Soc. Interface, 2013.

Boczkowski, Natale, Feinerman, Korman. PLoS Comp Biol, 2018.

# Interacting individuals

# Back to brain size

An ant colony with  $3 \cdot 10^5$  ants has  $3 \cdot 10^{10}$  neurons.  
How best to deploy them?



Micro-wasp 7400 neurons



Ant 250,000

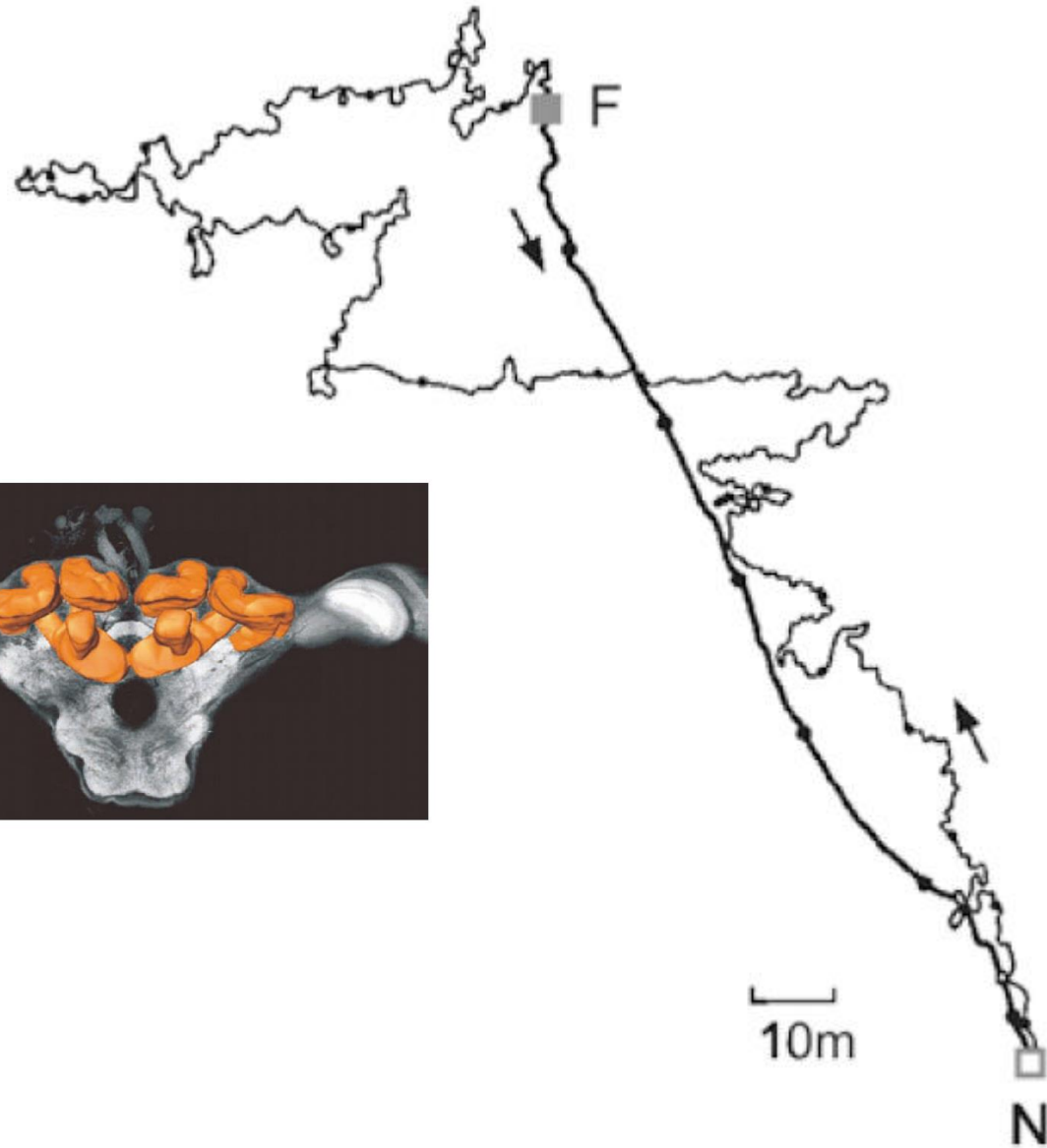


Chimpanzee  $3 \cdot 10^{10}$

# Back to brain size



Desert ant





# Tool use



Individuals and groups often face similar goals



# Cooperative transport



Longhorn crazy ants.





# Evolution of cooperative transport

- eagle spread
- leaders behave as solitary ants. **Capable navigators.**
- Followers need to evolve a capability for “letting go”



Does this work in more complex situations?

# *Umwelt* (self centered world)

## A Stroll Through the Worlds of Animals and Men

A Picture Book of Invisible Worlds<sup>1</sup>

JAKOB VON UEXKÜLL (1934)



FIG. 9a  
A village street, photograph

**Jakob von Uexküll**



**A house fly**



FIG. 9c  
The same village street as seen by a fly

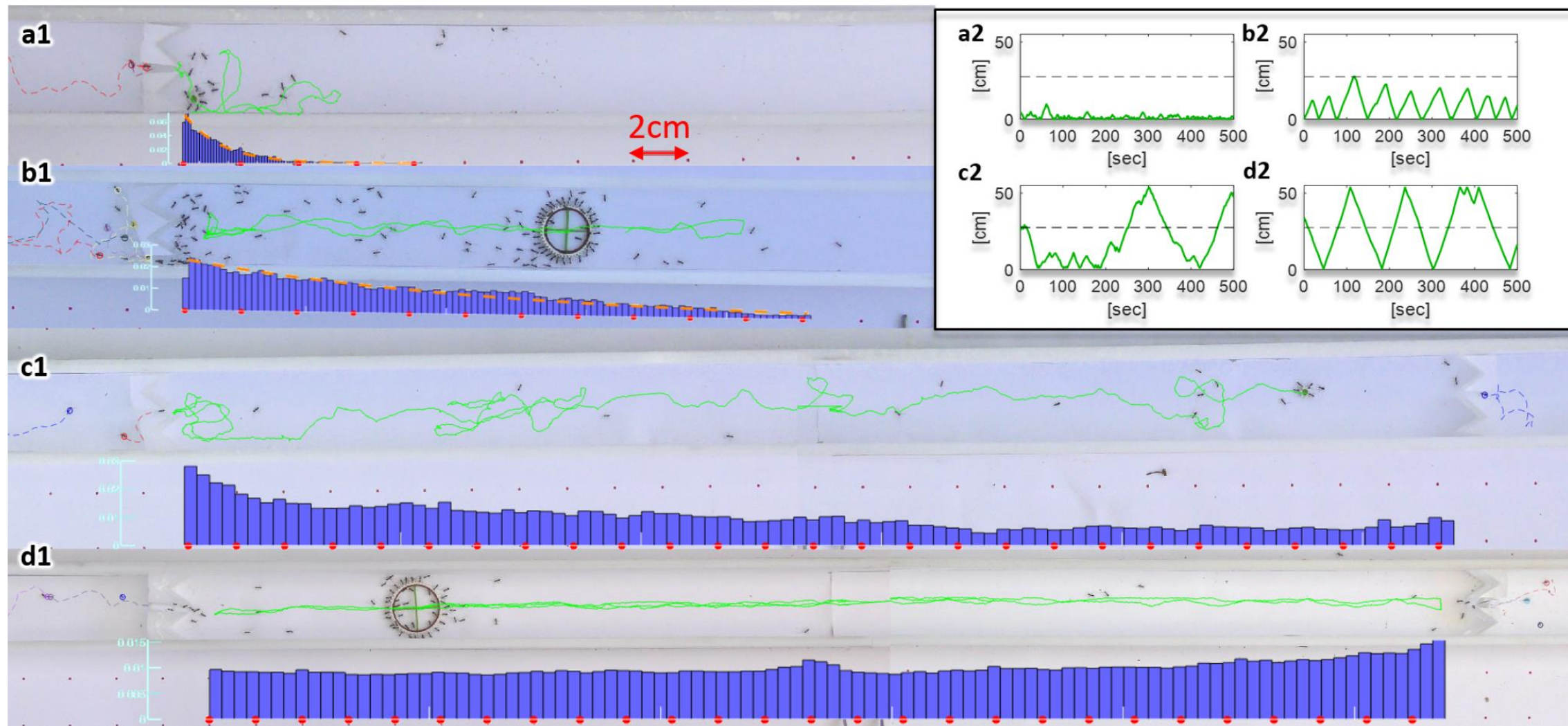


How well does the *umwelt* of ant  
coincide with requirements of colony?

How well does the *umwelt* of ant coincide with requirements of colony?



# Information conflict





# Individual vs. group: a spectrum

